

STATE OF MISSOURI  
**DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES**  
MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



**MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT**

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92<sup>nd</sup> Congress) as amended,

Permit No. MO-0131326

Owner: Gordon Anderson  
Address: 555 Foxfire Drive, Kimberling City, MO 65686

Continuing Authority: Bluffs Run Property Owners Assoc., Inc.  
Address: 555 Foxfire Drive Kimberling City, MO 65686

Facility Name: Bluffs Run Subdivision WWTF  
Facility Address: Joe Bald Road, Kimberling City MO 65686

Legal Description: NW¼, SE¼, SE¼, Sec. 07, T22N, R23W, Stone County  
UTM (X/Y): 459071 / 4052889

Receiving Stream: Unnamed tributary to Table Rock Lake (U)  
First Classified Stream and ID: Table Rock Lake (L2) (07313) 303 (d)  
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (11010002-070001)

is authorized to discharge from the facility described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements as set forth herein:

**FACILITY DESCRIPTION**

Outfall #001 - Subdivision / Sewerage Works - SIC #8641 / 4952

Septic tank / recirculating sand filter system / chemical feed to facilitate phosphorus removal / ultraviolet disinfection / sludge disposal by contract hauler

Design organic population equivalent is 81.  
Design average daily flow is 0.0081 MGD.  
Design sludge production is 0.81 dry tons/year.

This permit authorizes only wastewater discharges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 644.051.6 of the Law.

September 17, 2010  
Effective Date

  
Kip A. Stetzler, Acting Director Department of Natural Resources

September 16, 2015  
Expiration Date

  
Cynthia S. Davies, Regional Director, Southwest Regional Office

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS				PAGE NUMBER 2 of 4		
				PERMIT NUMBER MO-0131326		
The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective upon issuance and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:						
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
		DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
<u>Outfall #001</u>						
Flow	GPD	*		*	once / quarter	24 hr. estimate
Biochemical Oxygen Demand <sub>5</sub>	mg/L	40		20	once / quarter**	grab
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	40		20	once / quarter**	grab
pH – Units	SU	***		***	once / quarter**	grab
Fecal Coliform (Note 1)	#/100 ml	1000		400 (Note 2)	once / quarter**	grab
Total Phosphorus as P	mg/L	1.0		0.5	once / quarter**	grab
Total Ammonia as N	mg/L	12.1		4.6	once / quarter**	grab
Aluminum, Total Recoverable	mg/L	0.75		0.37	once / quarter**	grab
Temperature	°C	*		*	once / quarter**	grab
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <b>QUARTERLY</b> ; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE <b>January 28, 2011</b> . THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.						
B. STANDARD CONDITIONS						
IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED <u>Parts I &amp; III</u> STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED <u>October 1, 1980 and August 15, 1994</u> , AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.						

MO 780-0010 (8/91)

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (continued)

\* Monitoring requirement only.

\*\* Sample once per quarter in the months of **March, June, September, and December**. Reports shall be submitted by the 28<sup>th</sup> day of the month following the reporting period, e.g. Reporting period is the 1<sup>st</sup> quarter (sample collected in March), report due by April 28<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\* pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged. The pH for all facilities except lagoons is limited to the range of 6.5-9.0 pH units.

Note 1 - Final limitations and monitoring requirements for Fecal Coliform are applicable only during the recreational season from April 1 through October 31.

Note 2 - Monthly average limit for Fecal Coliform is expressed as a geometric mean. Geometric mean for n samples =  $[a_1 \times a_2 \times a_3 \dots \times a_n]^{1/n}$

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

1. This permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to:
  - (a) Comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a) (2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
    - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
    - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
  - (b) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions, if the result of a waste load allocation study, toxicity test or other information indicates changes are necessary to assure compliance with Missouri's Water Quality Standards.
  - (c) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions if, as the result of a watershed analysis, a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) limitation is developed for the receiving waters which are currently included in Missouri's list of waters of the state not fully achieving the state's water quality standards, also called the 303(d) list.

The permit as modified or reissued under this paragraph shall also contain any other requirements of the Clean Water Act then applicable.

2. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.
3. Permittee will cease discharge by connection to areawide wastewater treatment system within 90 days of notice of its availability.
4. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances

The permittee shall notify the Director as soon as it knows or has reason to believe:

- (a) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:"
    - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100 µg/L);
    - (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 µg/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/L) for 2,5 dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
    - (3) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for the pollutant in the permit application;
    - (4) The level established in Part A of the permit by the Director.
  - (b) That they have begun or expect to begin to use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or byproduct any toxic pollutant, which was not reported in the permit application.
5. Report as no-discharge when a discharge does not occur during the report period.

6. Water Quality Standards

- (a) Discharges to waters of the state shall not cause a violation of water quality standards rule under 10 CSR 20-7.031, including both specific and general criteria.
- (b) General Criteria. The following general water quality criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. No water contaminant, by itself or in combination with other substances, shall prevent the waters of the state from meeting the following conditions:
  - (1) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;

6. Water Quality Standards (continued)

- (2) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
- (3) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
- (4) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life;
- (5) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water;
- (6) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering;
- (7) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community;
- (8) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247.

7. Sludge and Biosolids Use For Domestic Wastewater Treatment Facilities

- (a) Permittee shall comply with the pollutant limitations, monitoring, reporting, and other requirements in accordance with the attached permit Standard Conditions.
- (b) If sludge is not removed by a contract hauler, permittee is authorized to land apply biosolids. Permit Standard Conditions, Part III shall apply to the land application of biosolids. Permittee shall notify the department at least 180 days prior to the planned removal of biosolids. The department may require submittal of a biosolids management plan for department review and approval as determined appropriate on a case-by-case basis.

**Missouri Department of Natural Resources**  
**Statement of Basis**  
**Bluffs Run Subdivision WWTF**  
**NPDES #: MO-0131326**  
**Stone County**

A Statement of Basis (Statement) gives pertinent information regarding the applicable regulations and rational for the development of the NPDES Missouri State Operating Permit (operating permit). This Statement includes Wasteload Allocations, Water Quality Based Effluent Limitations, and Reasonable Potential Analysis calculations as well as any other calculations that effect the effluent limitations of this operating permit. This Statement does not pertain to operating permits that include sewage sludge land application plans and variance procedures, and does not include the public comment process for this operating permit.

A Statement is not an enforceable part of an operating permit.

**Facility Information**

Facility Type: Sewerage Works  
Facility SIC Code(s): 4952

Facility Description: Chemical feed to facilitate phosphorus removal / septic tank / coagulation / recirculating sand filter bed / ultraviolet disinfection / sludge disposal by contract hauler

**OUTFALL(S) TABLE:**

OUTFALL	DESIGN FLOW (CFS)	TREATMENT LEVEL	EFFLUENT TYPE	DISTANCE TO CLASSIFIED SEGMENT (MI)
001	0.0125	Secondary	Domestic Modification	~ 0.25

Water Quality History: N/A

Comments: New Facility

**Receiving Stream Information**

Please mark the correct designated waters of the state categories of the receiving stream.

Missouri or Mississippi River [10 CSR 20-7.015(2)]:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> ; No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lake or Reservoir [10 CSR 20-7.015(3)]:	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ; No <input type="checkbox"/>
Losing [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)]:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> ; No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Metropolitan No-Discharge [10 CSR 20-7.015(5)]:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> ; No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Special Stream [10 CSR 20-7.015(6)]:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> ; No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Subsurface Water [10 CSR 20-7.015(7)]:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> ; No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
All Other Waters [10 CSR 20-7.015(8)]:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> ; No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

10 CSR 20-7.031 Missouri Water Quality Standards, the department defines the Clean Water Commission water quality objectives in terms of "water uses to be maintained and the criteria to protect those uses." The receiving stream and/or 1<sup>st</sup> classified receiving stream's beneficial water uses to be maintained are located in the Receiving Stream Table located below in accordance with [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)].

**RECEIVING STREAM(S) TABLE:**

WATERBODY NAME	CLASS	WBID	DESIGNATED USES*	8-DIGIT HUC	EDU**
Unnamed Tributary to Table Rock Lake	U	N/A	General Criteria	11010002	Ozark White Drainage
Table Rock Lake	L2	07313	LWW, AQL, WBC***, SCR	11010002	Ozark White Drainage

- Irrigation (IRR), Livestock & Wildlife Watering (LWW), Protection of Warm Water Aquatic Life and Human Health-Fish Consumption (AQL), Cool Water Fishery (CLF), Cold Water Fishery (CDF), Whole Body Contact Recreation (WBC), Secondary Contact Recreation (SCR), Drinking Water Supply (DWS), Industrial (IND).

\*\* - Ecological Drainage Unit

\*\*\* - UAA has not been conducted.

**RECEIVING STREAM(S) LOW-FLOW VALUES TABLE:**

RECEIVING STREAM (U, C, P)	LOW-FLOW VALUES (CFS)		
	1Q10	7Q10	30Q10
Unnamed Tributary to Table Rock Lake	0	0	0
Table Rock Lake	14.4	35.5	129

The facility is within 0.5 mile of the lake and therefore lake limits and mixing zone apply.

**MIXING CONSIDERATIONS TABLE**

MIXING ZONE (CFS)		
[10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(A)4.B.(II)(a)]		
1Q10	7Q10	30Q10
3.6	8.88	32.25

Zone of Initial Dilution: Not Allowed [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(A)4.B.(I)(b)].

**Rationale and Derivation of Effluent Limitations & Permit Conditions****ALTERNATIVE EVALUATIONS FOR NEW FACILITIES:**

As per [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)(A)], discharges to losing streams shall be permitted only after other alternatives including land application, discharges to a gaining stream and connection to a regional wastewater treatment facility have been evaluated and determined to be unacceptable for environmental and/or economic reasons.

Not Applicable ☒;

The facility does not discharge to a Losing Stream as defined by [10 CSR 20-2.010(36)] & [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(N)], or is an existing facility.

**ANTI-BACKSLIDING:**

A provision in the Federal Regulations [CWA §303(d)(4); CWA §402(c); CFR §122.44(I)] that requires a reissued permit to be as stringent as the previous permit with some exceptions.

☒ - New facility.

**ANTIDEGRADATION:**

Policies which ensure protection of water quality for a particular water body where the water quality exceeds levels necessary to protect fish and wildlife propagation and recreation on and in the water. This also includes special protection of waters designated as outstanding natural resource waters.

Antidegradation requirements are consistent with 40 CFR 131.12 that outlines methods used to assess activities that may impact the integrity of a water and protect existing uses. This policy may compel the state to maintain a level of water quality above those mandated by criteria.

Applicable, but deferred ☒;

As per [10 CSR 20-7.031(2)(D)], the three (3) levels of protection provided by the antidegradation policy in subsections (A), (B), and (C) of this section shall be implemented according to procedures developed by the department. On April 20, 2007, the Missouri Clean Water Commission approved *Missouri Antidegradation Rule and Implementation Procedure* (Antidegradation Rule), which is applicable to new or upgraded/expanded facilities. The implementation of the Antidegradation Rule will be implemented upon promulgation, which is tentatively scheduled for August 2008.

**APPLICABLE PERMIT PARAMETERS:**

Effluent parameters for conventional, non-conventional, and toxic pollutants have been obtained from the previous NPDES operating permit for this facility, technology based effluent limits, water quality based effluent limits, and from appropriate sections of the renewal application.

**COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT:**

Action taken by the department to resolve violations of the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and condition of an operating permit.

Not Applicable ☒;

The permittee/facility is not under enforcement action and is considered to be in compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and condition of an operating permit.

**PRETREATMENT PROGRAM:**

The reduction of the amount of pollutants, the elimination of pollutants, or the alteration of the nature of pollutant properties in wastewater prior to or in lieu of discharging or otherwise introducing such pollutants into a Publicly Owned Treatment Works [40 CFR §403.3(q)].

Not Applicable ☒;

At this time, the permittee is not required to implement and enforce a Pretreatment Program.

**REASONABLE POTENTIAL ANALYSIS (RPA):**

Limitations must control all pollutants or pollutant parameters that are or may be discharged at a level which will cause, have reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an excursion above the Missouri Water Quality Standards.

Not Applicable ☒;

A RPA was not conducted for this facility.

**REMOVAL EFFICIENCY:**

Removal efficiency is one method by which the Federal Regulations define Secondary Treatment and Equivalent to Secondary Treatment, which applies to Biochemical Oxygen Demand 5-day (BOD<sub>5</sub>) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS) for domestic wastewater sources.

Not Applicable ☒;

This facility is not required to meet a removal efficiency because it is a non-POTW.

**SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOWS (SSOs), AND INFLOW & INFILTRATION (I&I):**

Collection systems are a critical element in the successful performance of the wastewater treatment process. Under certain conditions, poorly designed, built, managed, operated, and/or maintained systems can pose risks to public health, the environment, or both. Causes of SSOs include, but are not limited to, the following: high levels of I&I during wet weather; blockages; structural, mechanical, or electrical failures; collapsed or broken sewer pipes; insufficient conveyance capacity; and vandalism. Effective and continuous management, operation, and maintenance, as well as ensuring adequate capacity and rehabilitation when necessary are critical to maintaining collection system capacity and performance while extending the life of the system.

Not Applicable ☒;

This facility is not required to develop or implement a program for maintenance and repair of the collection system; however, it is a violation of Missouri State Environmental Laws and Regulations to allow untreated wastewater to discharge to waters of the state.

**SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE (SOC):**

A schedule of remedial measures included in a permit, including an enforceable sequence of interim requirements (actions, operations, or milestone events) leading to compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or the terms and conditions of an operating permit.

Not Applicable ☒;

This permit does not contain a SOC.

**STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP):**

A plan to schedule activities, prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices to prevent or reduce the pollution of waters of the state. The plan may include, but is not limited to, treatment requirements, operating procedures, and practices to control facility site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw material storage.

Not Applicable ☒;

At this time, the permittee is not required to develop and implement a SWPPP.

**WASTELOAD ALLOCATIONS (WLA) FOR LIMITS:**

As per [10 CSR 20-2.010(78)], the amount of pollutant each discharger is allowed by the department to release into a given stream after the department has determined to total amount of pollutant that may be discharged into that stream without endangering its water quality.

Applicable ☒;

Wasteload allocations were calculated where applicable using water quality criteria or water quality model results and the dilution equation below:

$$C = \frac{(Cs \times Qs) + (Ce \times Qe)}{(Qe + Qs)} \quad (\text{EPA/505/2-90-001, Section 4.5.5})$$

Where C = downstream concentration  
Cs = upstream concentration  
Qs = upstream flow  
Ce = effluent concentration  
Qe = effluent flow



Chronic wasteload allocations were determined using applicable chronic water quality criteria (CCC: criteria continuous concentration) and stream volume of flow at the edge of the mixing zone (MZ). Acute wasteload allocations were determined using applicable water quality criteria (CMC: criteria maximum concentration) and stream volume of flow at the edge of the zone of initial dilution (ZID).

Water quality based maximum daily and average monthly effluent limitations were calculated using methods and procedures outlined in USEPA's "Technical Support Document For Water Quality-based Toxics Control" (EPA/505/2-90-001).

**WLA MODELING:**

Not Applicable ☒;

A WLA study was either not submitted or determined not applicable by department staff.

**WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (WET) TEST:**

As per [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(CC)], a toxicity test conducted under specified laboratory conditions on specific indicator organism; and as per [40 CFR §122.2], the aggregate toxic effect of an effluent measured directly by a toxicity test.

Not Applicable ☒;

At this time, the permittee is not required to conduct WET test for this facility.

**303(d) LIST & TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD (TMDL):**

Section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act requires that each state identify waters that are not meeting water quality standards and for which adequate water pollution controls have not been required. Water quality standards protect such beneficial uses of water as whole body contact (such as swimming), maintaining fish and other aquatic life, and providing drinking water for people, livestock and wildlife. The 303(d) list helps state and federal agencies keep track of waters that are impaired but not addressed by normal water pollution control programs.

A TMDL is a calculation of the maximum amount of a given pollutant that a body of water can absorb before its water quality is affected. If a water body is determined to be impaired as listed on the 303(d) list, then a watershed management plan will be developed that shall include the TMDL calculation

Applicable ☒;

Table Rock Lake is listed on the 2002 Missouri 303(d) List for nutrients.

☒ – This facility is not considered to be a source of the above listed pollutant(s) or considered to contributed to the impairment of (stream name).

**Outfall #001 – Main Facility Outfall  
EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:**

PARAMETER	UNIT	BASIS FOR LIMITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MODIFIED	PREVIOUS PERMIT LIMITATIONS
FLOW	GPD	1	*		*	N/A	N/A
BOD <sub>5</sub> **	MG/L	1	40		20	N/A	N/A
TSS **	MG/L	1	40		20	N/A	N/A
PH (S.U.)	SU	1	6.5 – 9.0		6.5 – 9.0	N/A	N/A
TOTAL AMMONIA AS N	MG/L	5	12.1		4.6	N/A	N/A

TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	MG/L	1	1.0		0.5	N/A	N/A
TOTAL ALUMINUM RECOVERABLE	MG/L	1, 8	0.75		0.37	N/A	N/A
FECAL COLIFORM	***	1	1000		400	N/A	N/A
MONITORING FREQUENCY	Please see Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements in the Derivation and Discussion Section below.						

**\* - Monitoring requirement only**

\*\*\* - # of colonies/100mL; the Monthly Average for Fecal Coliform is a geometric mean.

N/A – Not applicable

Basis for Limitations Codes:

- |  |                                   |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| 1. State or Federal Regulation/Law       | 6. Antidegradation Policy         |
| 2. Water Quality Standard (includes RPA) | 7. Water Quality Model            |
| 3. Water Quality Based Effluent Limits   | 8. Best Professional Judgement    |
| 4. Lagoon Policy                         | 9. TMDL or Permit in lieu of TMDL |
| 5. Ammonia Policy                        | 10. WET test Policy               |

**OUTFALL #001 – DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS:**

**Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD<sub>5</sub>).**

- ☒ – 40 mg/L Daily Maximum and 20 mg/L Monthly Average effluent limitations, as per [10 CSR 20-7.015]

**Total Suspended Solids (TSS).**

- ☒ – 40 mg/L Daily Maximum and 20 mg/L Monthly Average effluent limitations, as per [10 CSR 20-7.015]

**pH.** Effluent limitations are 6.5-9.0 as per [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(E)].

**Temperature.** Monitoring requirement due to the toxicity of Ammonia varies by temperature.

**Ammonia as N:** Early Life Stages Present Total Ammonia Nitrogen criteria apply [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(B)7.C. & Table B3]. Background total ammonia nitrogen = 0.01 mg/L.

Season	Temp (°C)	pH (SU)	Total Ammonia Nitrogen CCC (mg N/L)	Total Ammonia Nitrogen CMC (mg N/L)
Mar 1 – May 31	16	7.8	2.8	12.1
Jun 1 – Aug 31	28	7.8	1.3	12.1
Sept 1 – Nov 30	16	7.8	2.8	12.1
Dec 1 – Feb 29	6	7.8	3.1	12.1

Spring: Mar 1 – May 31, Summer: Jun 1 – Aug 31, Fall: Sep 1 – Nov 30, Winter: Dec 1 – Feb 29

**Summer** – Zone of Initial Dilution is not allowed. Mixing Zone is allowed = 32.25 cfs

Acute

$$((Q_e + Q_s) \cdot C - (Q_s \cdot C_s)) / Q_e$$

$$((0.0125 + 0) \cdot 12.1 - (0 \cdot 0.037)) / 0.0125 = 12.1$$

$$LTA_a = 12.1 \text{ mg/L } (0.321) = 3.9 \text{ mg N/L}$$

[CV = 0.6, 99<sup>th</sup> Percentile]

Chronic

$$((0.0125 + 0) \cdot 1.3 - (0 \cdot 0.037)) / 0.0125 = 1.3$$

$$LTA_c = 37.995 \text{ mg/L } (0.780) = 39.07 \text{ mg N/L}$$

[CV = 0.6, 99<sup>th</sup> Percentile, 30 day average]

Acute is more protective

$$\text{MDL} = 3.9 \text{ mg/L} * 3.11 = 12.1 \text{ mg N/L}$$

$$\text{AML} = 3.9 \text{ mg/L} * 1.19 = 4.6 \text{ mg N/L}$$

$$[\text{CV} = 0.6, 99^{\text{th}} \text{ Percentile}]$$

$$[\text{CV} = 0.6, 95^{\text{th}} \text{ Percentile, } n = 30]$$

Because the chronic summer number is the smallest compared to fall, spring, and winter and the summer chronic was higher than the acute, the other seasons for chronic were not calculated because it would have shown that the acute value would be more protective.

Maximum Daily Limit (mg N/L)	Average Monthly Limit (mg N/L)
12.1	4.6

**Fecal Coliform** For WBC – A For Lakes, Class U, and Class C

$$((Q_e + Q_s) * C - (Q_s * C_s)) / Q_e$$

$$\text{Chronic: } C_e = ((0.0125 + 8.88) * 200 - (8.88 * 0)) / 0.0125 = 142280$$

$$\text{WLA}_c = 142280 / 100 \text{ mL}$$

$$\text{LTA}_c = 142280 (0.5274) = \mathbf{75038.4} / 100 \text{ mL} \quad [\text{CV} = 0.6, 99^{\text{th}} \text{ Percentile}]$$

$$\text{MDL} = 75038.4 (3.114) = 233669.8 / 100 \text{ mL} \quad [\text{CV} = 0.6, 99^{\text{th}} \text{ Percentile}]$$

$$\text{AML} = 75038.4 (1.55) = 116309.6 / 100 \text{ mL} \quad [\text{CV} = 0.6, 95^{\text{th}} \text{ Percentile, } n = 4]$$

**The technology based limits are more protective as per 10 CFS 20-7.015, 1,000 / 100 mL daily maximum and 400 / 100 mL monthly average.**

Future renewals of the facility operating permit will contain effluent limitations for E. coli, which will replace fecal coliform as the applicable bacteria criteria in Missouri's water quality standards

#### **Total Phosphorus**

0.5 mg/L per 10 CSR 20 - 7.015 (3).

**Aluminum, Total Recoverable** Protection of Aquatic Life Chronic Criteria = 0.75 mg/L, Acute Criteria

$$\text{Acute}$$

$$C_e = ((1.55 + 0.0) 0.75 - (0.0 * 0.0)) / 1.55$$

$$C_e = 0.75 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\text{WLA}_a = 0.75 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\text{LTA}_c = 0.75 (0.527) = 0.39525 \text{ mg/L} \quad [\text{CV} = 0.6, 99^{\text{th}} \text{ Percentile}]$$

$$\text{LTA}_a = 0.75 (0.321) = \mathbf{0.24075} \text{ mg/L} \quad [\text{CV} = 0.6, 99^{\text{th}} \text{ Percentile}]$$

Use most protective number of LTA<sub>c</sub> or LTA<sub>a</sub>.

$$\text{MDL} = 0.24075 (3.11) = 0.75 \text{ mg/L} \quad [\text{CV} = 0.6, 99^{\text{th}} \text{ Percentile}]$$

$$\text{AML} = 0.24075 (1.55) = 0.37 \text{ mg/L} \quad [\text{CV} = 0.6, 95^{\text{th}} \text{ Percentile, } n = 4]$$

#### **Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements.**

PARAMETER	SAMPLING FREQUENCY	REPORTING FREQUENCY
FLOW	QUARTERLY	QUARTERLY
BOD <sub>5</sub>	QUARTERLY	QUARTERLY
TSS	QUARTERLY	QUARTERLY
PH (S.U.)	QUARTERLY	QUARTERLY
TEMPERATURE (°C)	QUARTERLY	QUARTERLY

TOTAL AMMONIA AS N	QUARTERLY	QUARTERLY
FECAL COLIFORM (NOTE 1)	QUARTERLY	QUARTERLY
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	QUARTERLY	QUARTERLY
ALUMINUM, TOTAL RECOVERABLE	QUARTERLY	QUARTERLY

### **Administrative Requirements**

On the basis of preliminary staff review and the application of applicable standards and regulations, the Department, as administrative agent for the Missouri Clean Water Commission, proposes to issue a permit(s) subject to certain effluent limitations, schedules, and special conditions contained herein and within the operating permit. The proposed determinations are tentative pending public comment.

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